Building Al Agents

Ben Clegg-Li, PhD

Why Al?

- Significant impact on industry
- Paradigm shift in capabilities & user interaction
- Formerly "impossible" problems can now be solved...
- ...at the cost of new challenges

Why me?

- Background in software engineering
- Built Remy AI w/ friends
 - Front-of-house agent for restaurants
 - Multi-channel (phone, SMS, etc.)

What is an agent?

Agents

Workflows

- Able to:
 - Plan
 - Take actions
 - Reflect
- Autonomous & flexible...
- Challenge to regulate behaviour

Like flowcharts

- Useful for well defined processes
- Easier to build & test
- Less flexible & adaptable
- Can combine with agents

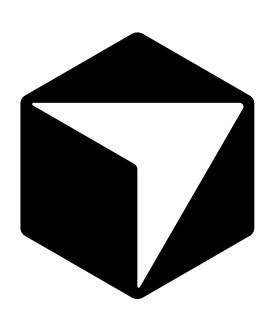
Deciding on capabilities

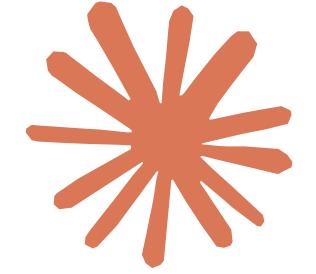
- Prioritise common user pain points & tedious tasks
- Focus on a single "job"
- Identify actions required to achieve it

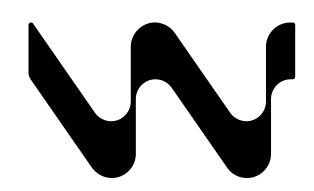
Deciding on capabilities

Example: coding agent

- Understand requirements
- Read files
- Plan changes
- Edit files
- Run commands (e.g. build, test)
- Reflect on results repeat if necessary







The basics: LLMs

- Trained on lots of data
- Post-training for additional capabilities
- Generate single output tokens (words)
 - Based on probability
 - Repeated process

- Tradeoff between quality, cost, and speed
- Long, unfocused context degrades quality
- Non-deterministic

Channels

- Web-chat & single prompt inputs
- SMS
- Voice (phone calls) difficult!
- Existing messaging platforms









Choosing a model

- Tradeoffs
- Benchmarks
- Experiment



Context: Prompting

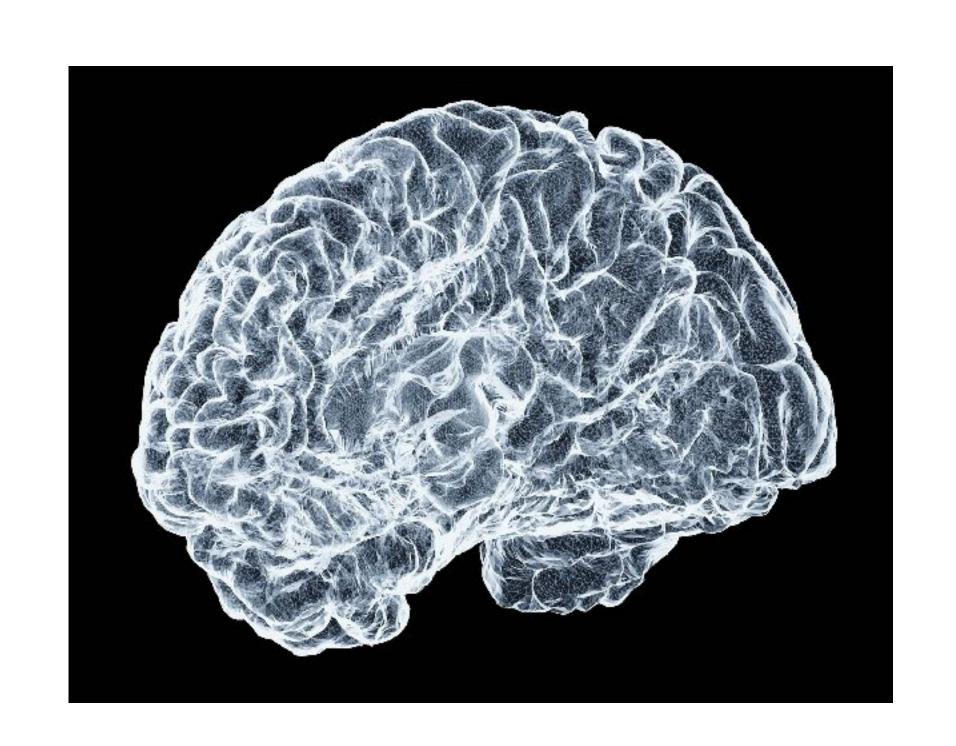
- Simple approach: string templates
- Keep it focused; avoid distractions & contradictions
- Shorter is better

```
The current time is {current_time}.
```

```
You are talking to {user_name}.
```

Context: Memory

- Checkpointing
 - Store user messages within conversation
- Summarization
 - Retrieve summaries of past conversations
- Retrieval augmented generation (RAG)
 - Long term memory
 - Vector database & embedding model, or graph db



Actions: Tool calling

- How can an LLM make an action?
- Tools = functions in code
 - Tell the LLM what tools are available
 - LLM will send a message like:

```
[TOOL_CALLS] [{'name': 'get_weather', 'arguments': {'location': 'Stoke'}}]
```

- Execute the matching function
- Idiot-proofing

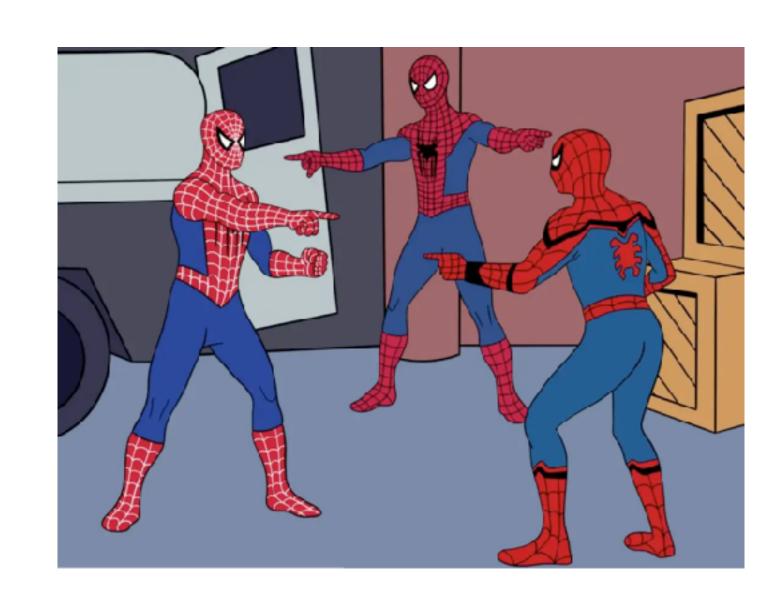
Behavior: Reason and act

Make a loop: think \rightarrow act (call tool, executed in app) \rightarrow result \rightarrow repeat

- User: 💬 "If it's raining in Stoke tomorrow, message Bob to bring an umbrella."
- LLM: (I need to find the weather in Stoke tomorrow.)
- LLM:
 \(\int \) Action Get weather in Stoke on 21st November → Result: Rain
- LLM: (It's raining, so I need to message Bob to bring an umbrella.)
- LLM: \(\strace{N} \) Action Send message to Bob ("Bring an umbrella") → Result: Sent
- LLM: " "It's going to rain in Stoke tomorrow, so I've messaged Bob."

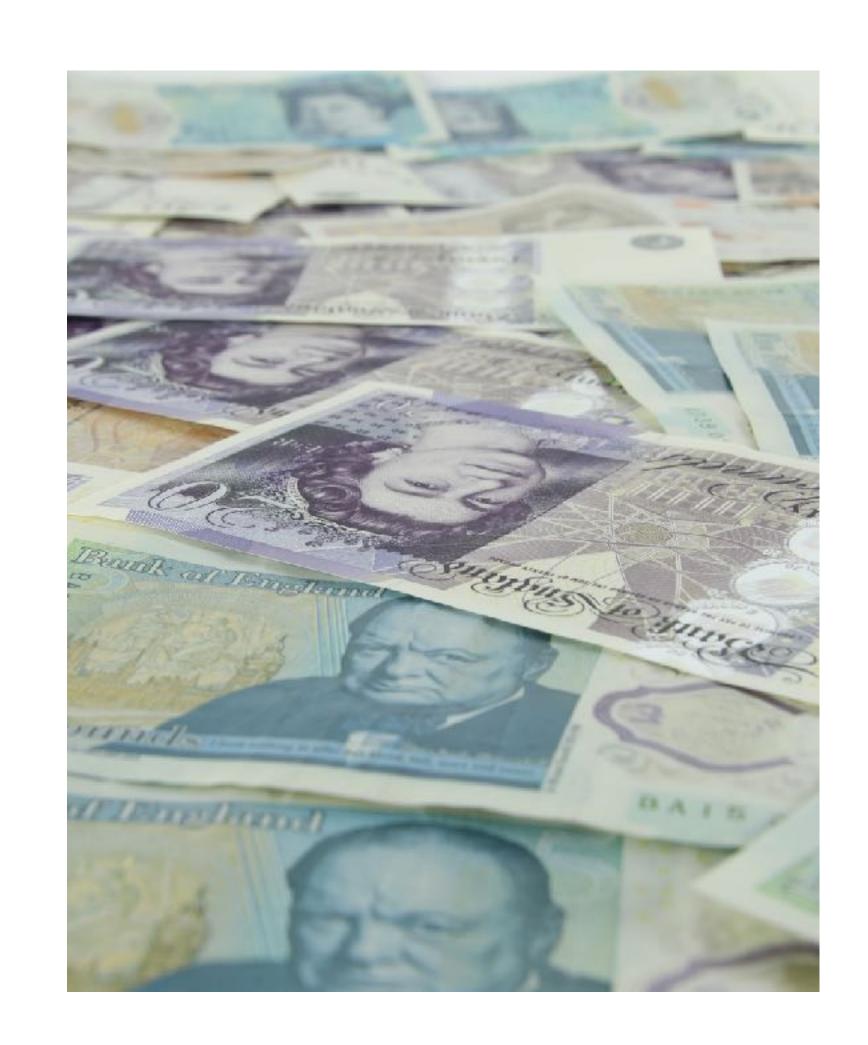
QA: Evals

- Non-deterministic; how to test?
 - Use an LLM to evaluate outputs!
- How to generate test inputs?
 - Use another LLM to act as a user!
- End-to-end flow
- Use repetitions



Cost-tracking & FinOps

- Al is expensive!
- Priced by input & output tokens consumed
- Can track by request or by time period
- Use evals to understand price:performance



Resources to build your agent

No-code platforms



- Great for prototyping & non-engineers
- Prefer open-source platforms to limit platform risk
- Can build workflows & simple agents

Production-ready tech stack

Model Provider









Model Router / **Proxy**





Al Library / Framework





LangChain & LangGraph



Embabel





Evals



OpenEvals & AgentEvals

...on top of a traditional stack!